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the drugs mentioned in this act, or to any person who shall deliver any such drug which has been prescribed or dispensed by a physician, dentist, or veterinarian registered under the laws of the State in which he resides who has been employed to prescribe for the particular patient receiving such drug, or to a nurse under the supervision of a physician, dentist, or veterinarian having possession or control by virtue of his employment or occupation and not on his own account, or to the possession of any of the aforesaid drugs which have been prescribed in good faith by a physician, dentist, or veterinarian, or to any United States, State, county, municipal, district, Territorial, or insular officer or official who has possession of any of said drugs by reason of his official duties, or who, as an officer or duly appointed agent of any incorporated society for the suppression of vice, has the same in his possession for the purpose of assisting in the prosecution of violations of this act.

SEC. 9. The provisions of this act, except those sections which require the ordering of the above-enumerated drugs on an official order blank and the keeping of the same on file, and the keeping of the record relative thereto, shall apply to cannabis indica and cannabis sativa, except that the same shall not apply to prescriptions, preparations, or remedies which do not contain more than one-half grain of extract of cannabis indica or more than one-half grain of extract of cannabis sativa in 1 fluid ounce or if a solid or semisolid preparation in the avoirdupois ounce, nor to liniments, ointments, or other preparations containing cannabis indica and cannabis sativa, which are prepared for external use only.

SEC. 10. The repeal of any law by this act shall not affect any action, suit, or prosecution pending at the time of the repeal for an offense committed, or for the recovery of a penalty, or forfeiture incurred, under any of the laws repealed.

SEC. 11. Whoever violates any provision of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment in the house of correction or jail for a term not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 12. Chapters 694¹ and 788 of the acts of the year 1914, and sections 2 to 6; inclusive, of chapter 387 of the acts of the year 1910 are hereby repealed.

Habit-Forming Drugs—Searching of Premises for. (Chap. 159, Act Apr. 12, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Section 1 of chapter 372 of the acts of the year 1911, as amended by section 1² of chapter 283 of the acts of the year 1912 is hereby further amended by inserting after the word "substances," in the seventh line, the words "or cocaine; alpha or beta eucaine, or any synthetic substitute for them, or any preparation containing the same, or any salts or compounds thereof," by inserting after the word "return," in the twenty-seventh line, the word "forthwith," and by striking out the words "as soon as may be," in the twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth lines, so as to read as follows:

"SECTION 1. If a person makes complaint under oath to a police, district, or municipal court, or to a trial justice or justice of the peace authorized to issue warrants in criminal cases, that he has reason to believe that opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, cannabis indica, cannabis sativa, or any other hypnotic drug or any salt, compound or preparation of said substances, or cocaine, alpha or beta eucaine, or any synthetic substitute for them, or any preparation containing the same, or any salts or compounds thereof, is kept or deposited by a person named therein in a store, shop, warehouse, building, vehicle, steamboat, vessel, or place other than by a manufacturer or jobber, wholesale druggist, registered pharmacist, registered physician, registered veterinarian, registered dentist, registered nurse, employees of incorporated hospitals, or a common carrier or porter when transporting any drug mentioned herein between parties hereinbefore mentioned, such court or justice, if it appears that there is prob-

¹ Public Health Reports, July 24, 1914, p. 1978.

² Public Health Reports, Sept. 26, 1913, p. 2014.

able cause to believe that said complaint is true, shall issue a search warrant to a sheriff, deputy sheriff, city marshal, chief of police, deputy marshal, police officer, or constable, commanding him to search the premises in which it is alleged that such opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, cannabis indica, cannabis sativa, or any other hypnotic drug or any salt or compound or preparation of said substances or any preparation containing the same is kept or deposited, and to seize and securely keep the same until final action, and to arrest the person or persons in whose possession it is found, together with all persons present, if any of the aforesaid substances is found, and to return forthwith the warrant, with his doings thereon, to a court or trial justice having jurisdiction in the place in which such substance is alleged to be kept or deposited."

Mattresses, Pillows, Cushions, and Similar Articles—Manufacture and Sale—Labeling. (Chap. 148, Act Apr. 8, 1915.)

SECTION 1. No person shall manufacture for purposes of sale, sell, offer or expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, any mattress, pillow, cushion, muff bed, quilt or similar article having a filling of hair, down, feathers, wool, cotton, silk floss or other material, unless there shall be plainly marked upon each such article, or upon a tag of some durable substance, sewed thereon, or otherwise securely attached thereto, a statement of the kind of material used for filling in the manufacture of such article, and, also, if the material has previously been used, the word "secondhand." If any such article or articles are inclosed in a bale, box, crate, or other receptacle, there shall be plainly marked upon such receptacle, or upon a durable tag securely attached thereto, a statement that the contents of the package are marked as required by this act. It shall be unlawful for any person except a purchaser at retail to remove or efface any marking upon any article or receptacle, or any tag attached thereto, under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 2. No person shall use, in the manufacture of any mattress, pillow, cushion, muff bed, quilt, or similar article for purposes of sale, or shall sell or offer or expose for sale, or have in possession for the purpose of such use or for sale, any material which has previously been used in or about a hospital, or on or about the person of anyone having an infectious or contagious disease, nor shall any person sell, or offer or expose for sale, any such articles containing materials which have previously been so used.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the State department of health, whenever there is reason to believe that any provision of this act is being violated, to cause an investigation to be made of any factory, shop, warehouse, store, or other place where it is believed that the act is being violated, and for this purpose any member of the said department, or any duly accredited representative thereof, shall have authority to enter any building or other place at all reasonable times. If, upon investigation, mattresses, pillows, cushions, muff beds, quilts or similar articles, or materials for use in the manufacture of the same, shall be found, which have been previously used in or about a hospital, or on or about the person of anyone having an infectious or contagious disease, such materials or articles, manufactured or in process of manufacture, shall be marked by the State department of health with labels bearing the word "unclean" in conspicuous letters, and the State department of health, with or without notice to the owner or supposed owner, may order the removal and destruction of the said materials or articles, or may make such other order relating to the said materials or articles as the circumstances of the case may require.

SEC. 4. The State department of health, or its duly authorized representative, whenever in the opinion of the department it is necessary to safeguard the public health, may post upon any building or part thereof containing such materials or articles, or from which the same have been removed, notice or warning of the danger of contagion or infection resulting from the violation of the provisions of this act,